Romanization and Pronunciation

This is the romanization system, which will be used to spell the Shu language using the Roman alphabet. The full system is described in detail below.

- \bullet *A, a*: Pronounced like the "<u>a</u>" in "sof<u>a</u>"—even when occurring in stressed position.
- *Aa, aa*: Pronounced like the "<u>a</u>" in "f<u>a</u>ther".
- Ao, ao: Pronounced like the "ow" in "cow".
- *B*, *b*: Pronounced like the "<u>b</u>" in "<u>b</u>ad".
- *D*, *d*: Pronounced like the "<u>d</u>" in "<u>d</u>iet".
- *E*, *e*: Pronounced like the "e" in "get".
- *G*, *g*: Pronounced like the "g" in "goat" (never like the "g" in "genius").
- *Gh, gh*: Pronounced like the "r" in French "rouge" (never like the "gh" in "ghost").
- *I, i*: Pronounced like the "i" in "machine".
- *J, j*: Pronounced like the "j" in "jam".
- K, k: Pronounced like the " \underline{k} " in " \underline{k} ite".
- *L*, *l*: Pronounced like the "<u>l</u>" in "<u>l</u>ove".
- *M*, *m*: Pronounced like the "<u>m</u>" in "<u>m</u>atter".
- Mh, mh: Pronounced roughly like the "mh" in "I'm hot". This sound can occur at
 the beginning of a word, and is just like a regular m, but with air allowed to pass
 through unperturbed. It feels a lot like pronouncing an m followed by a very
 breathy h.
- *N*, *n*: Pronounced like the "<u>n</u>" in "<u>n</u>ever".
- *Ng, ng*: Pronounced like the "ng" in "sing".

- **•** *Nh*, *nh*: Pronounced roughly like the " \underline{nh} " in "i \underline{nh} erit". This sound can occur at the beginning of a word, and is just like a regular n, but with air allowed to pass through unperturbed. It feels a lot like pronouncing an n followed by a very breathy h.
- *O*, *o*: Pronounced like the "o" in "tote".
- *P, p*: Pronounced like the "p" in "pike".
- R, r: Pronounced like the " \underline{r} " in Spanish "pe \underline{r} o". Nearly identical to the " \underline{t} " or " \underline{d} " sound in English "ma \underline{t} a \underline{d} or" (pronounced quickly).
- *S*, *s*: Pronounced like the "<u>s</u>" in "<u>s</u>ad".
- *Sh*, *sh*: Pronounced like the "<u>sh</u>" in "<u>sh</u>ade".
- *T, t*: Pronounced like the "t" in "take".
- *U, u*: Pronounced like the "<u>u</u>" in "r<u>u</u>minate".
- *V, v*: Pronounced like the "<u>v</u>" in "<u>v</u>an".
- *W, w*: Pronounced like the "w" in "walk".
- *Y, y*: Pronounced like the "y" in "yet".
- **Z**, **z**: Pronounced like the "<u>z</u>" n "<u>z</u>ebra".
- **Zh**, **zh**: Pronounced like the "<u>z</u>" n "a<u>z</u>ure".

Stress:

• In general, Shu words are stressed word-finally. Where they are not stressed word-finally, an acute accent is placed over the vowel (e.g. *lówe* "please").