

-v	-r	-n	-s
grog	g <sub>r</sub> e	g <sub>n</sub> o	g <sub>s</sub> o
I	IV	III	II
vala	Baelor	havon	Aerys
vale	Baelr	havv	Aeri
valo	Baelo	havv	Aero
valot	Baelot	havot	Aerot
vala	Baelo	havv	Aery
valosa	Baelosa	havosa	Aerosa
valoma	Baeloma	havoma	Aeroma
valus	Baelos	havos	Aerys

sun  
moon  
water  
soil } 4 genders

sentient  
animate  
inanimate } 3 animacies

y  
a  
e  
o } 4 theme vowels

n  
r  
s  
ø } 4 endings

singular  
plural  
paucal  
collective } 4 numbers

nominative  
accusative  
genitive  
dative  
locative  
instrumental  
comitative  
vocative } 8 cases

angogan "to bite" angos "she bites" angoks "she is bitten"

rōbir "fig" vala "man" ondos "hand"

Vala rōbir angos. "The man bites the fig." (Valo ondos) rōbir angoks. "The fig is bitten."

nektogan "to cut"

egry = knife egromy

A Vala rōbir nektos. "The man cuts the fig"

<sup>INS?</sup> <sup>GEN?</sup> <sup>DAT?</sup> <sup>rōbir?</sup> Havo <sup>good+loc</sup> pā vala nektos. "The man cuts the fig for the bread."

Vala havon inektos. "The man cuts for the bread." (a fig = ?) havon inektos

↳ The bread was cut for.

<sup>A?</sup> Egros vala rōbir nektos. "The man cuts the fig with a knife."

Rōbir egros inektos. "The knife cuts the bread"

Vala egros inektos. "The man cuts with a knife." (a fig = dent)

	ACT	PASS
	nom reg	nom reg
i-	acc app	nom pass of app
s-	nom inst pass	nom pass of inst pass
v-	acc loc app	nom pass of loc app

p + k → l → w  
b d g \* | b, ld, lg > bb, del, gg

nom	acc	gen	dat	loc
ins	com	voc	prop	

← passive  
← static

* v-v	* s-v	n	m	n	r	l	d	g	b
p f → h	pp	p							
t θ	tt	t							
k kh	kh	k							
b v	bb	b							
d z	dd	d							
g γ	gg	g							

lb, lg, ld > lv, lgh, lz  
rb, rg, rd > rv, rgh, rz

chips  
guacamole > Mom (2)

Enchiladas - mushrooms, olives, green onions, potatoes, corn, cheese

Beans -

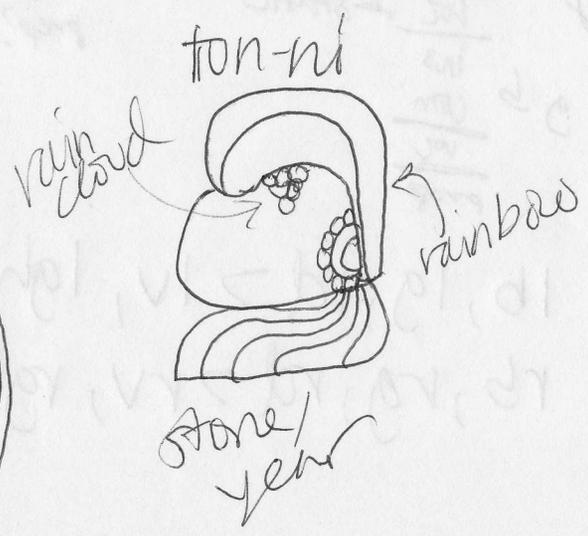
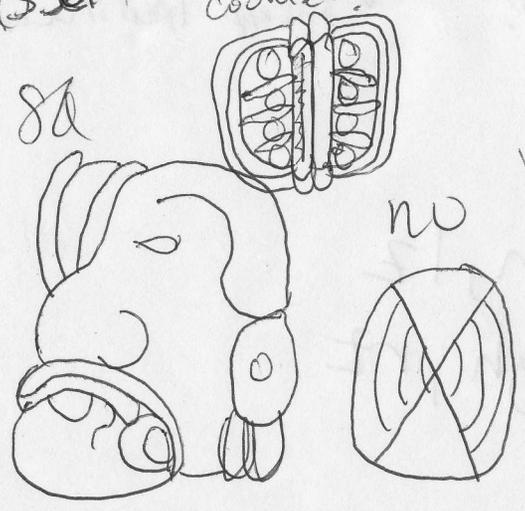
Rice -

chopped tomatoes -

cilantro chicken -

drinks - juice  
ice tea

dessert - ice cream  
cookies?



~~lavender~~  
~~lemon~~  
~~lemon~~  
~~lemon~~  
~~lemon~~

ndumi Kadd

Lufo 16



milk  
lactose free milk  
chicken  
limes?  
pinto beans  
Enchilada  
sauce  
mushrooms?

sweetened condensed

canned potatoes  
Shampoo  
claritin  
Multi-vitamin  
green onions  
juice



a a: i i: u u: io ia au ai

plain

emph

-V	+V	-V	+V	PreN	N
p	b	p'	b	mb	m
t	d	t'	d'	nd	n
k	g	k'	g'	ng	ŋ
f	v				
θ	ð				
s	z	s'	z		
h					
l	r				

Who are the Golanis or is that short for Golanites (actually slightly confused, is Golanite a material [an ore] or a demonym?)

THINK "A-HAD", IT'S A HUMAN SLANG CONCEPT.

→ partly preferable: Ishtar

SOMETHING DIFFERENT IN IRATHIENT.

SPIRIT-RIDERS IS AN ENGLISH APPROXIMATION OF A VOTAN CONCEPT. THEY MIGHT CALL THEMSELVES THIS IS TRIBE IS ALL-IRATHIENT. THERE MAY BE OTHER TRIBES IN THE WORLD WITH DIFFERENT NAMES.

→ the spirit-riders (athient-only) Oughon (they have so intelligent names)

BECAME HER NEW "DAD". SHE DOES REMEMBER HER PARENTS, BUT NOT FONDLY. HE LOOK YOUNG IRISA UNDER HIS WING ASSUME SHE WAS MAYBE 10 YEARS OLD WHEN NOTJAN KILLING AND THAT'S EXACTLY WHAT NOTJAN DID. HE DIDN'T REALIZE THEY HAD A KID. WHEN HE DID, (ASSASSIN'S SEX SLAVES, ORGAN DONORS). SHE WAS KEPT IN CHAINS. HER MOM AND DAD IN THE END. SHE WAS USED FOR SOME NASTY 180 PURPOSE BY HER BIRTH PARENTS WHO HEEDED KILLING TO ADAPT TO YOUR LANGUAGE NEEDS, SO LONG AS OUR CHARACTER NAMES SOUND COOL TO HUMAN IRISA'S LAST NAME IS WIDE OPEN. NAMES OF ALL VOTAN CHARACTERS IS WIDE OPEN.

WELL CHANGE  
 (BUT NOT)  
 (BUT NOT)  
 (BUT NOT)  
 (BUT NOT)  
 (BUT NOT)

yo | i | <sup>yo</sup> <sup>yo</sup> | ~~pyo~~ | <sup>pyo</sup> or <sup>pyo</sup>

ye | i | e | <sup>ye</sup> <sup>ye</sup> | ~~pye~~ | <sup>pye</sup> or <sup>pye</sup> or <sup>pye</sup>

yu | i | u | <sup>yu</sup> | ~~pyu~~ | <sup>pyu</sup> or <sup>pyu</sup> or <sup>pyu</sup>

ya | i | <sup>a</sup> | <sup>ya</sup> | ~~pya~~ | <sup>pya</sup> or <sup>pya</sup> or <sup>pya</sup> or <sup>pye</sup>

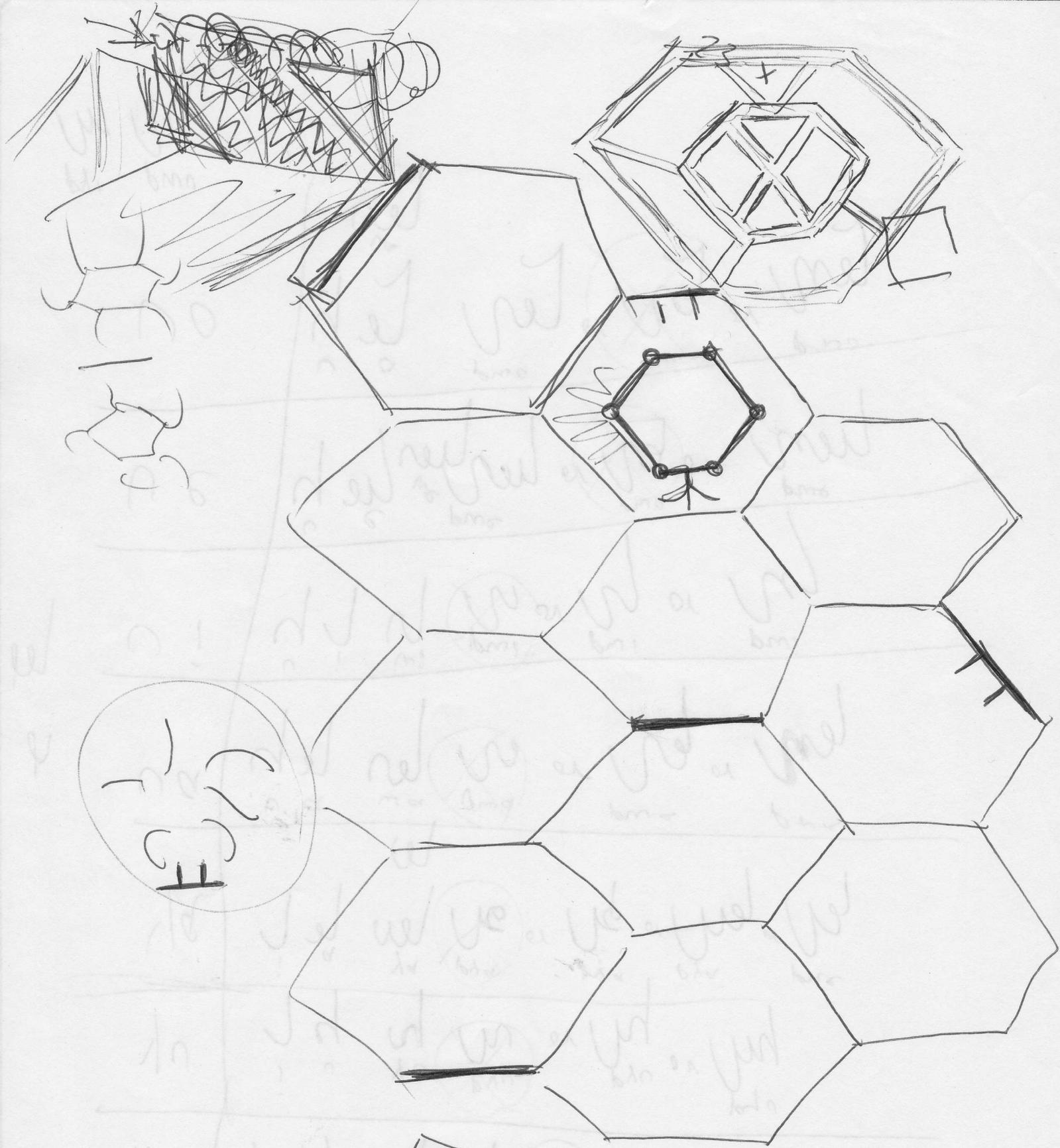
va | u | a | <sup>va</sup> | ~~pya~~ | <sup>pya</sup> or <sup>pya</sup> or <sup>pya</sup>

vi | u | i | <sup>vi</sup> | ~~pyi~~ | <sup>pyi</sup> or <sup>pyi</sup> or <sup>pyi</sup>

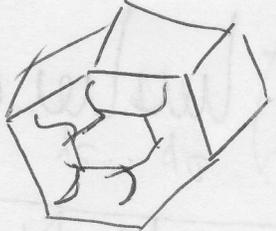
ve | u | e | <sup>ve</sup> | ~~pye~~ | <sup>pye</sup> or <sup>pye</sup> or <sup>pye</sup>

vo | u | o | <sup>vo</sup> | ~~pyo~~ | <sup>pyo</sup> or <sup>pyo</sup> or <sup>pyo</sup>

pyi | pvo  
py | py

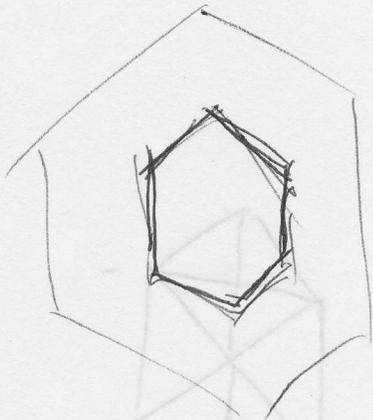


more  
C!!

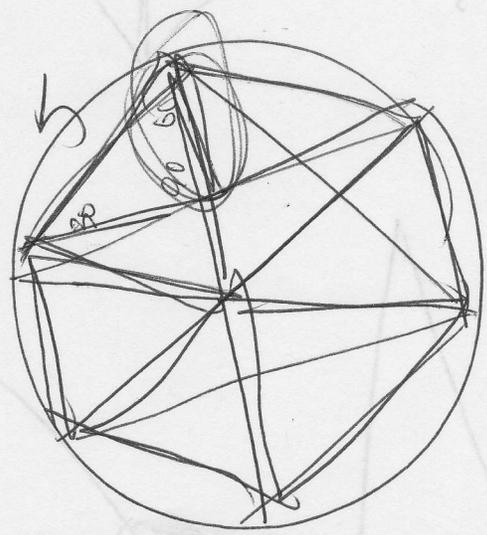
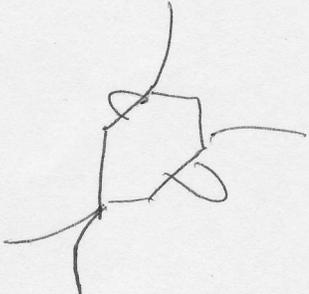
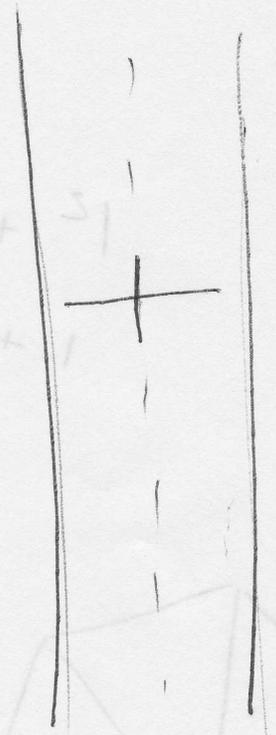


Handwritten text in Odia script, consisting of multiple lines of characters and symbols. The text is arranged in approximately 12 horizontal rows. The characters are highly stylized and cursive, typical of handwritten Odia. The script includes various letters, numbers, and symbols, some of which are repeated in groups. The overall appearance is that of a personal note or a collection of characters.

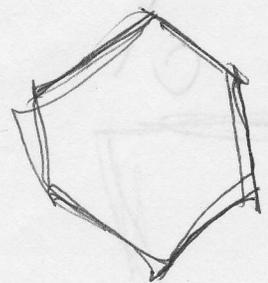
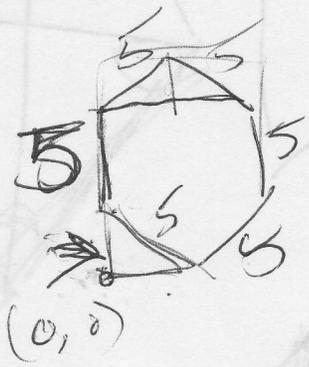




$55 = 5 + 50$   
 $52 = 4 + 48$

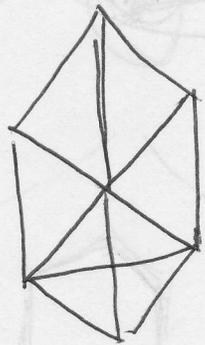
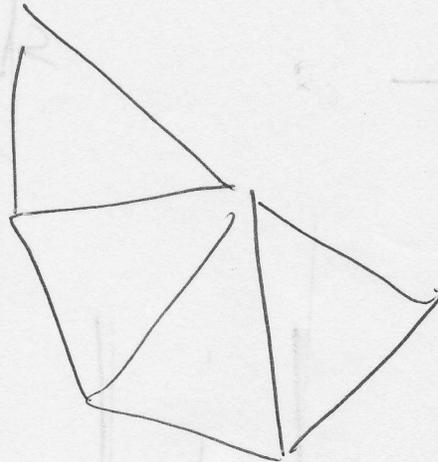
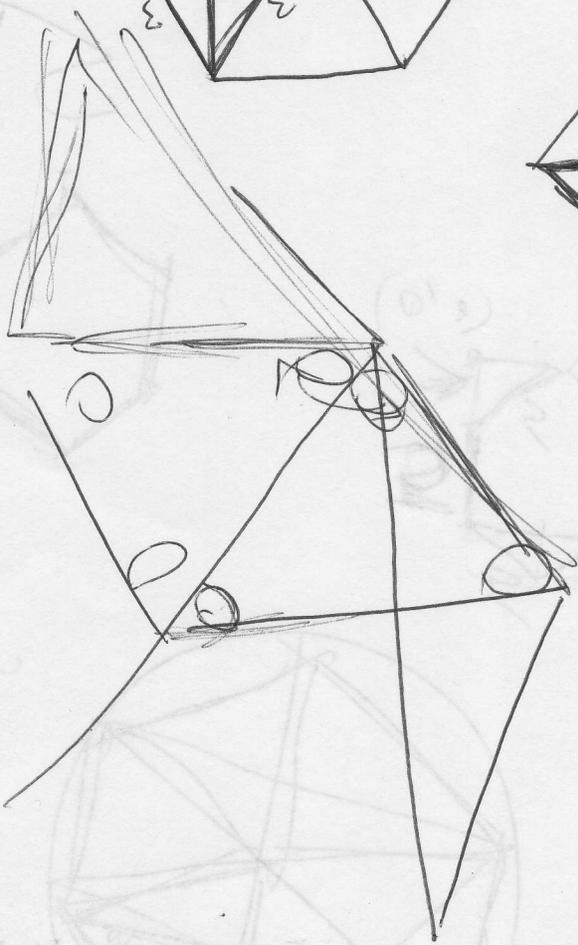
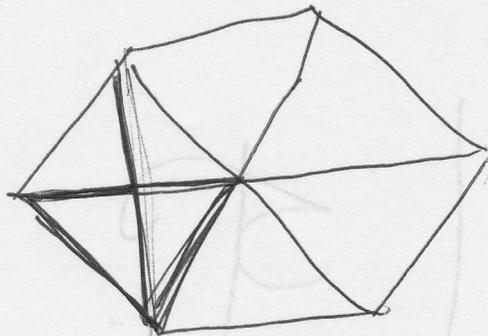
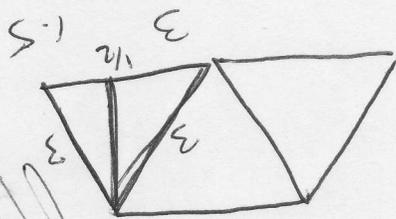


$c'$   
 $y$   
 $5$



$5$





$$2S = h + 1$$

$$= 22 + 21$$

lie int (down)  
 do trans (finish)  
 get exp (in) here?  
 go motion (finish)  
 gave dit (away)  
 say persoun (finish)

le and alan - to sleep  
 le and zalan - he sleeps  
 x and hazalan - he makes him sleep

permits/causes/inst appliz  
 he makes man write letter  
 he makes pen write letter  
 for  
 he ~~makes~~ woman buy book

I give a book to the man  
 I give the man a book

UOS

haze tar man book = man buys a book  
 hize man turia woman book = man makes/lets woman buy book  
 hize man turia pen book = man buys book with a pen  
 hazu tar man woman = man buys ~~but~~ for woman  
 hizu book turia man woman = man buys book for woman

int + -ia = causative  
 tr.t - ia = passive

Irachment

za alan man = the man sleeps  
 zate tar man book = the man buys a book  
 za tar man = the man is bought?  
 za tar man or za man taru

(1)

Irathi

① Intransitive

ezegna enegna enegni enegnis enegnis

patient marking  
~~prefix - if necessary~~  
allow for causative  
Use full patient marking

ezegna enelig zrathe "The man is sleeping"  
ahegna = don't know, enegna = don't know  
ezegna <sup>eneli</sup> zrathe "Someone's sleeping" kernel of action agree w/ preverbal argument  
uzegna hamaini zrathe  
"The woman let's the men sleep."

② Transitive

agt-pat  
obj obj.

zaha zahi zahan zahirin araz razar rasha  
zara zari zaron zarin

zara araz risa zrathe "The man's drinking the water."  
hara araz risa "Someone's drinking the water."  
zaha araz zrathe "The man's drinking something."  
haha araz "Someone's drinking something"  
hara zrathe arasha risa hamaini. "The man makes the woman drink the water."  
zara arazar risa zrathe "The man and the water drink each other."  
aregna (zrathe) araz/sha risa "The water's drunk (by the man)"

③ Experienced

agt exp-obj  
obj subj  
zahak zahir zahaken zahiken  
etv see  
tur tuhe

zahak etv zrathe hamaini. "The woman sees the man."  
zahak etv zrathe "Someone sees the man."  
hazah etv zrathe. "The man sees someone."  
zihak harathi etuhe zrathe hamaini. "The alien helps the woman see the man."  
zahak etv zrathe hamaini.  
"The man and the woman see each other."

④ Movement

agt-goal  
obj obj

zaha zahu zahem zahun aningma ingmar ingmaha  
zene aningma nujith zrathe "The man travels to the river."  
hune zrathe aningma nujith hamaini "The man makes the woman go to the river."  
zehe aningmar hamaini zrathe "The man and woman travel to each other"

⑤ Intransitive

agt-pat  
obj obj

zahaji zahiji zahajiwa zahijiwa agan aganar aganha ether/ot  
zahaji (hamaini) agan (ha) risa zrathe "The man hands water (to the woman)"  
zahaji agan risa hamaini zrathe

⑥ Performative

agt-goal  
obj obj

zahala zahili zahan zashun shaja anaja ojar ajaha  
zahala (hello) anaja (ha) hamaini zrathe "The man shouts (hello) at the woman"  
qda  
adp

using z as subject

	Imperfect		Perfect		
	Pres	Past	Pres	Past	Inf
go <sup>he</sup>	ze	zu	zein	zun	shain
do <sup>ha</sup>	za	zi	zon	zin	shon
stay <sup>hath</sup>	zath	zith	zathan	zithan	shath
lie <sup>gon</sup>	zegna	zugna	zeynis	zugnis	shigna
get <sup>ke</sup>	zak	zik	zakeri	zikeri	shik
give <sup>ju</sup>	zaju	zaju	zajuvule	zajuvule	shijon

gith: non-form

finish: -n

down: -is

here: -eri (>airi)

away: -~~v~~ -w



go (finish) root e

{Ivathment}

shein = infinitive

zeh/zih/z

shande = walk (inf)

hablo

ande = walk (non)

habla

ze = he goes (+inf = fut; +non = present)

hablō

hablaría

hablaré

zu = he was going (+inf = cond; +non = past imp.)

zein = he went (+inf = imm. fut; +non = perfective)

zun = he had gone (+inf = past cond; +non = pluperfect)

Active

Future: ze

ze ande "he <sup>will walk</sup> ~~walks~~"

Present: ze

ze ande "he walks"

Past: zu/zein

zu ande "he was walking"

zein ande "he walked"

ze ande = he walks

ze shande = he will walk

zu ande = he was walking

zein ande = he walked

zun ande = he had walked/been walking

zu sheinde = he would walk

zein shande = he's about to walk

zun shande = he would have walked  
was about to walk

"I hope he walks" zu shande "If he walks..."

"I hope he walked" zun shande "If he walked..."

alaka Castilian detak

voc.: alaka → alaga?

~~TOP: alakana → alagana~~

TOP: alakana → alagana → from demonstrative

AGT: alakade → alagade → from push

PAT: alako → alago

DAT: alake → alage

INS: alakire → alagire → from use

COM: alakude → alagude → from help

POST: alaka → alaga

LOC: alaki → alagi

EQV: alaku → alagu

OPP: alakemo → alagamo (against, than, from)

REC: ↗

clen

cuena  
duena  
puenta

Castro

of pcedo pu  
adama adama

a: → a

i: → i

u: → u

or je  
or wo

in stressed position

short vowels  
that are \*e, and \*o: not \*i: and \*u:

adama  
adama  
adama

C → [tʃn] / [l, j] (produces ʃ, tʃ, ɟ from alv. dʒ, ʒ)

h, i, u → ∅ / C-C (unstressed. voiceless C's)  
maybe more?

aj → e } or ai and au

aw → o

i → e / # } only short vowels

u → o / #

C → [+voice] / V-V

C<sub>x</sub> → C<sub>x</sub>

∅C [+voice] → [+cont] / V-V (b → v, d → ʒ, g → ʒ → h)

h → ∅

C [+lab] → [+vel] / \_w

ui → wi

ua → wa

iu → ju

ia → ja

happens before  
intervocalic voicing  
and spirantization

\*rw → \*ww → w  
\*lw → \*ww → w  
\*tw → kw  
\*dw → gw  
\*nw → ɲw

pjo bjo mjo  
pwo bwō mwō Rwo gwō gwō

\*sw → sw  
\*zw → zw

# Verbs

## Irathient

- Reflexive
- Fronted argument (-ia)
- Transitive / Intransitive
- Lexical (Iterative, etc.)
- Imperative

## kernel

- Perfect / Imperfect (Past, Non-Past)
- Subjunctive
- Direct / Causative

## Other

- Progressive: Go pred. w/ object infinitive

P/S

# Irrathient

The man sleeps.

A/S

P/O

The man cuts the paper.

E/S

SRC/O

The man loves the woman

A/S

G/O

A/S - P/S

The man goes to the store

A/S

R

P/O

The man gives the woman a flower.

A/S

R/R/O?

CON

○ = odd phrase out

The man bets the woman \$30

□ = subj AGR

A/S  
The man

P/S/O

makes the woman sleep. > Standard tran

A/S  
The man

P/A/S/O

P/O

makes the woman cut paper >

A/S  
The man

P/O

R/O

~~cuts~~ paper for the woman >

A/S  
The man

P/O

LOC/O

cuts paper on the balcony >

P/S  
The man

A/O

is cut (by woman) > Standard int

Castithom

descriptive \*a: sanik-a dotur  
size, color, shape

possessive/i: koren-i dotur

source \*u: melan-u dotur  
origin, material, age

NOUNS

\*-a = -a

\*-i = -e

\*-u = -o

la = topic

kana = present

kane = immediate past

kani = distant past / antenor

kano = habitual

kanu = subjunctive

see (10)

VERBS

\*-a = -a → imperfect kana eating

\*-i = -e → perfect kane ate

\*-u = -o → antenor / antenoreless kano eats

old	kana	is eating	kanaa	was eating
	kani	ate	kanii	ate (distant)
	kanu	eats	kanuu	would eat

Kan- "eat" uthw-

past

pas = finish

kana (stem) main participants known

kani (stem) at least one main participant unknown

kanu (stem) non-finite

① x y kana = x eats y	x y kanad = x eats and eats y
? ? kani = ? eats ?	? ? kanii = ? eats and eats ?
kanu = <del>to eat</del> eating	kanuu = eating

② <del>kanupasa</del> = fin. eating	kana = was eating	Kanaa = is eating
kanupasi =	kani =	Kanii =
kanupaso =	kanu =	Kanu =

③ <del>kanupsa</del> = ate	kana = was eating	Kana = eats
kanupshi =	kane =	kani =
kanupso =	kanu =	kanu =

④	past	pres	fut
kanupsa	kanu	kanu	kanu + hawe
kanupshe	kani		
kanupso	kanu		

~~From~~ ekan → ekan Revun  
 mujith → mujith ruvne  
 mujitha → mujith ruvunz

ike = at = (-i)  
 on hand  
 on someone (-a)  
 with

are	<del>direct</del> direct - a <small>nom top acc</small>	indirect - i <small>non core</small>	- u vocative
ksa (top)	detaka ksa → k'sa top	detaki ksa about concern	
ro (nom)	detaka ro nom / top	detaki ro nom / pat	
va (acc)	detaka va acc	detaki va det	
me	detaka me to additive	detaki me towards additive	detaku me for benef.
ike	detaka ike with / on hand / stuck on	detaki ike at	
nggo <small>or naku *nagu = use</small>	detaka nggo instrum.	detaki nggo indirect usage	detaku nggo reintroduced agent (candative)
<del>trana</del> naa	detaka trana stuck on top	detaki tang above	
<del>toto</del> gro	detaka toto stuck on bottom	detaki toto under	
sha zha	detaka sha tightly fitting	detaki sha loose fitting	

Intransitive

sh-a'longg-u "scream"  
she-pung-u "water"  
she-w "eat"

# Relative Clauses

to know someone

ʔ-a1-~~ni~~ nih  
-ony

zushone ʔa'longgen "man who screamed"  
dihagle mad'un

obj-sbj-verbroot-<sup>(-ni) (-en)</sup> {a len}-(h(ate))  
imp. prt.  
affected affected

The man who ate the dihagle's daughter

Intransitive

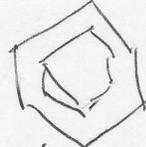
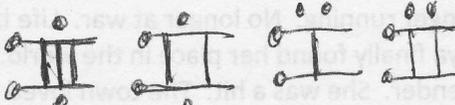
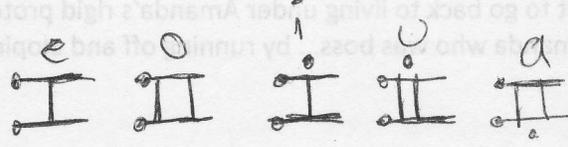
⊗ (CL.X)-NOUN-ə (CL.X)-VERB-ASPECT (?)

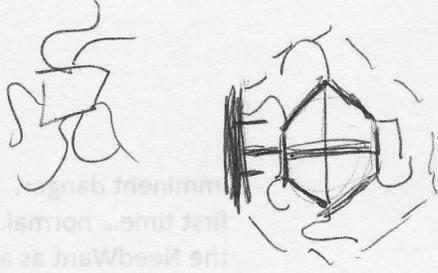
Transitive

⊗ (CLX)-NOUN-ə (CL.X)-(CL.Y)-VERB-ASPECT (CL.Y)-NOUN (?)

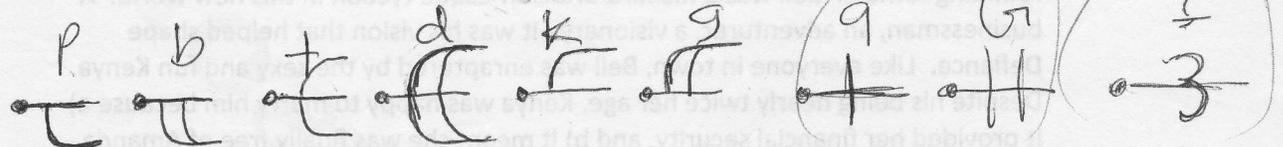


p b t d k g  
 f v s z h  
 m n  
 r

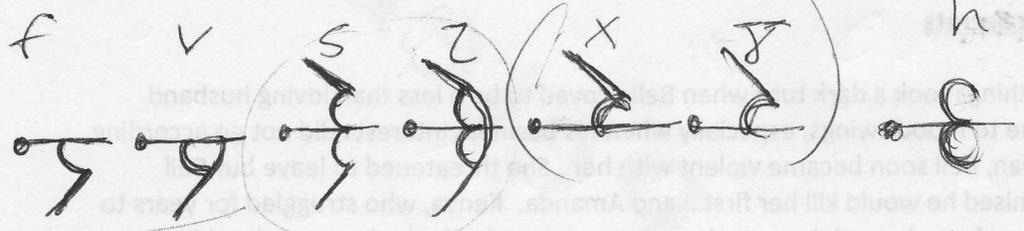
V = F   
 C - ai au ei ou  
  


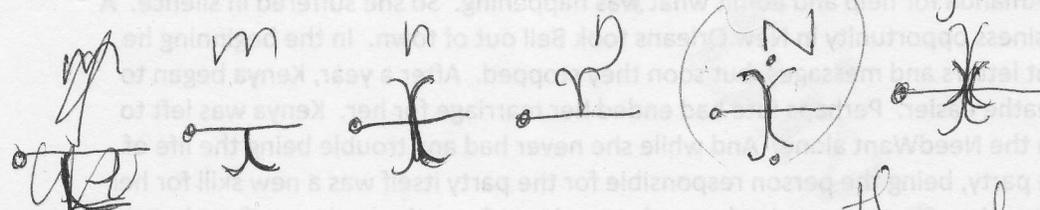


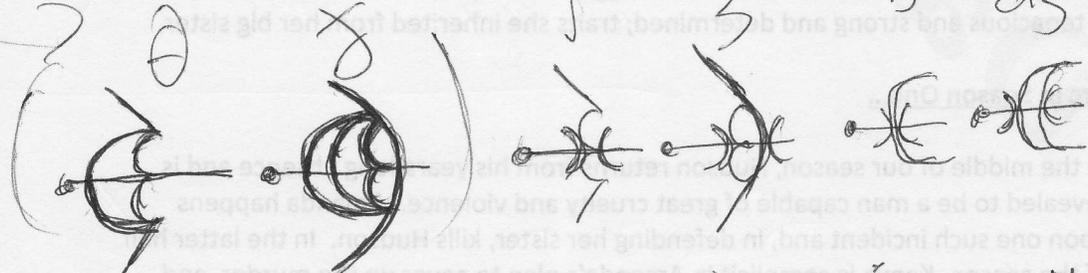
The first time I saw her was in the year 1962. She was then a young girl, about 12 years old. I was then a young boy, about 10 years old. We were both in the same school. She was very beautiful and intelligent. I was very attracted to her. We became friends. She was very kind and helpful. I was very happy to have her as a friend.

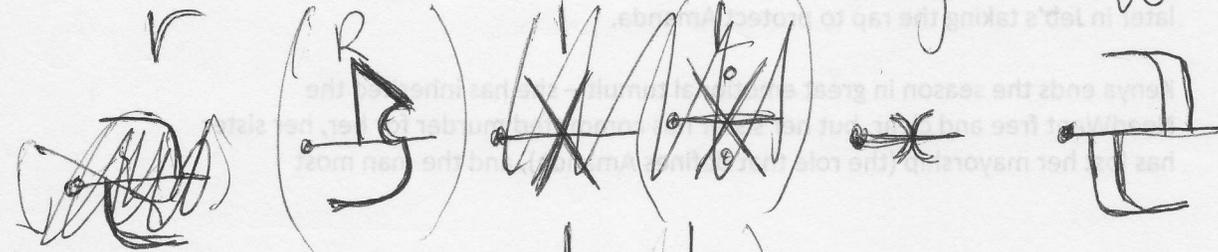
p b t d k g (a G) (z)  


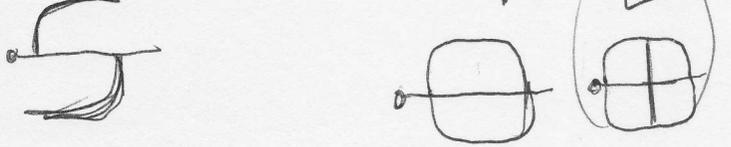


f v s z (x y) h  


m n (N) h  


theta z (3) dz  


r (R) j w  


(15) 

@legna eneliga "you're sleeping" ✓  
 alegna sheligu "you will sleep"??  
 aligna eneliga "you were sleeping" ✓  
 aligna sheligu "you would sleep" ?  
 alegnis eneliga "you slept" ✓  
 alegnis sheligu "you're about to sleep"??  
 alignis eneliga "you had slept/been sleeping" ✓  
 alignis sheligu "you would have/were about to sleep" ?

I'll eat while you sleep. → you lie ~~at~~ sleeping

eiou → ai au ei ou

p b t d k g      ty dy  
 f v sz h      → sy zy  
 m n ŋ      ny  
 r l j ~~~~~ ly

@ j x y  
 q g i      ~~esties~~

w  
 n      f\_\_\_\_\_



a	a:	i	i:	u	u:	e	o	ya	yu	ye	yo	wa	wi	we	wo	X
ᠠ	ᠠᠢ	ᠢ	ᠢᠢ	ᠤ	ᠤᠢ	ᠡ	ᠦ	ᠶᠠ	ᠶᠤ	ᠶᠡ	ᠶᠦ	ᠪᠠ	ᠪᠢ	ᠪᠡ	ᠪᠦ	
pa	pa:	pi	pi:	pu	pu:	pe	po	pya	pyu	pye	pyo	pwa	pwi	pwe	pwo	P
ᠫᠠ	ᠫᠠᠢ	ᠫᠢ	ᠫᠢᠢ	ᠫᠤ	ᠫᠤᠢ	ᠫᠡ	ᠫᠦ	ᠫᠶᠠ	ᠫᠶᠤ	ᠫᠶᠡ	ᠫᠶᠦ	ᠫᠪᠠ	ᠫᠪᠢ	ᠫᠪᠡ	ᠫᠪᠦ	

h = ᠬ = ᠬ  
 p = ᠫ = ᠫ  
 t = ᠲ = ᠲ  
 k = ᠬ = ᠬ  
 f = ᠮ = ᠮ  
 s = ᠰ = ᠰ  
 ᠬ = ᠬ = ᠬ  
 ᠬ = ᠬ = ᠬ  
 ᠬ = ᠬ = ᠬ  
 ᠬ = ᠬ = ᠬ

1 = X = ᠬ  
 1 = X = ᠬ  
 ya = y  
 wa = w  
 wi = w  
 yu = y  
 we = X  
 ye = E  
 wo = O

240,595  
 240,471  
 -26,974  
 146,974  
 purple = 190  
 blue = 140

a e i u ə <sup>ai</sup> e=ei <sup>?</sup> o=~~au, au~~, al, ə, aw, əw  
 di-phth  
 p b t d k g w r l s z m n ŋ ŋ s j h  
 dz ts f

ejongur  
 ekaru  
 hamini  
 zemezwaha

Handwritten symbols and characters, including a grid of letters and some orange markings. The symbols are arranged in several rows, with some characters appearing to be variations or related forms of the letters listed above.

- Liberata: GI? No mouth movement? Forked tongue + keak?
- Colors: sky, blood, dirt, ground cover
- Home worlds: How many? Who shares?
- Radio? TV? Internet? Who?

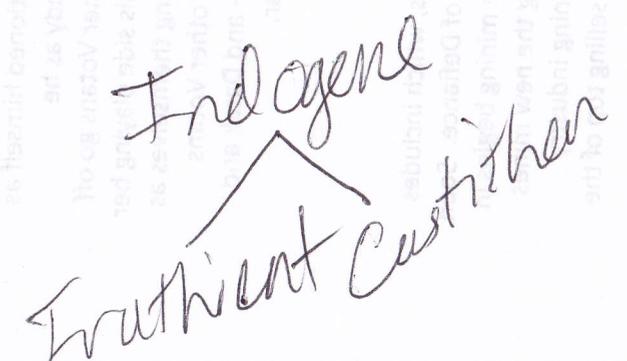
↳ Inelogene - tech  
 Castithan - need

skin - eye color  
 changing

"Seeming is being" 1%

Slow torture "cleansing"

indogene  
 blood only black  
 mixed with oil



Quotidian time = n

p =  $\wedge$

b =  $\wedge$

~~p'~~ =  ~~$\wedge$~~

+b =  $\square$

+mb = A

~~m~~ =  ~~$\square$~~

a =  $\circ$

t =  $\Upsilon$

d =  $\Upsilon$

~~t'~~ =  $\Upsilon$

+d =  $\mathcal{H}$

+nd =  $\Upsilon$

~~n~~ =  $\times$

i =  $-$

k =  $\sqsupset$

g =  $\square$

~~k'~~ =  $\square$

+g =  $\overline{\square}$

+ng =  $\Upsilon$

~~ng~~ =  $\nabla$

u =  $\wedge$

f =  $\equiv$

v =  $\equiv$

~~f'~~ =  $\equiv$

~~ng~~ =  $\Upsilon$

~~ng~~ =  $\Upsilon$

~~ng~~ =  $\nabla$

a :=  $\mathcal{G}$

$\Theta^x$  =  $\Gamma$

$\Theta^g$  =  $\Gamma$

~~k'~~ =  $\square$

~~ng~~ =  $\Upsilon$

~~ng~~ =  $\Upsilon$

~~ng~~ =  $\nabla$

i :=  $\equiv$

s =  $<$

z = K

~~s'~~ =  $\Sigma$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

u :=  $\wedge$

h =  $\Theta$

~~s'~~ =  $\Sigma$

~~s'~~ =  $\Sigma$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

l = X

r =  $\Upsilon$

~~s'~~ =  $\Sigma$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

~~z~~ =  $\equiv$

$\mathcal{M}$

$\mathcal{Y}$

$\mathcal{K}$

$\mathcal{V}$

$\mathcal{W}$

$\mathcal{X}$

$\mathcal{Y}$

$\mathcal{Z}$

$\mathcal{A}$

$\mathcal{B}$

$\mathcal{C}$

$\mathcal{D}$

$\mathcal{E}$

$\mathcal{F}$

$\mathcal{G}$

$\mathcal{H}$

$\mathcal{I}$

$\mathcal{J}$

$\mathcal{K}$

$\mathcal{L}$

$\mathcal{M}$

y = fine  
w = fine

Castilian time n+1

p=1 b=U p'=0 b=0 mb=0 m=0  
t=4 d=U t'=2 d=x nd=4 n=0

~~k=7~~ ~~f=7~~ ~~g=7~~ ~~v=8~~ k'=2 g=3 ng=7 y=0

0=2 x=7 s=C z=R s'=E z=3

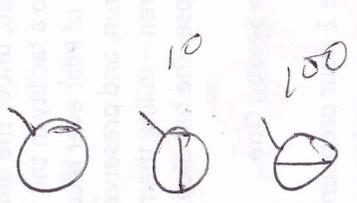
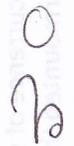
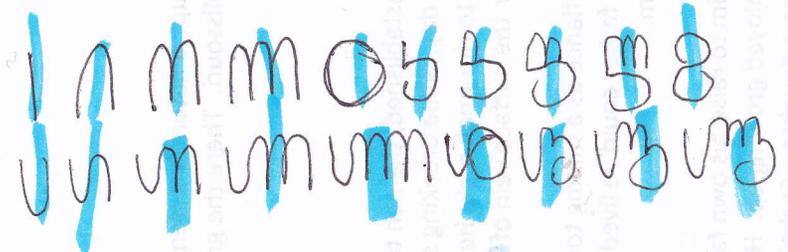
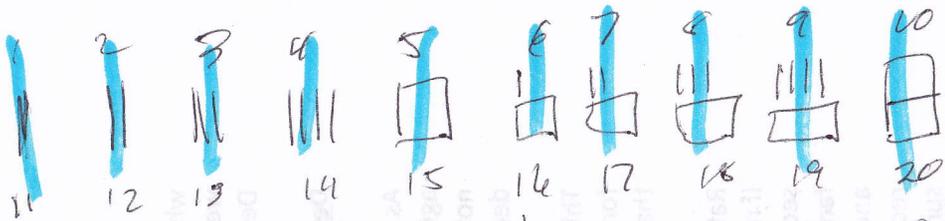
h=0 p=1 h=0 g=7 v=0 s=0 f=2

l=x r=4 t=4 l=0 n=0 k=7 d=0 r=4

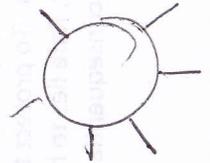
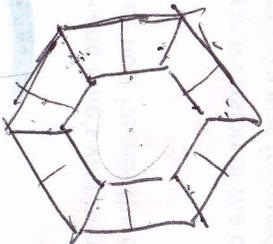
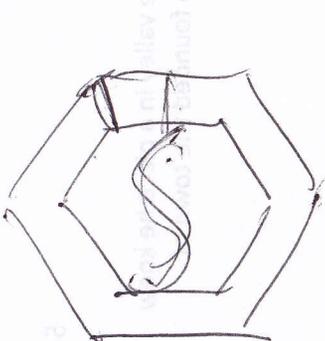
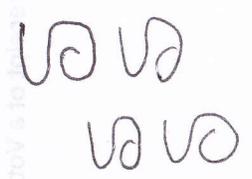
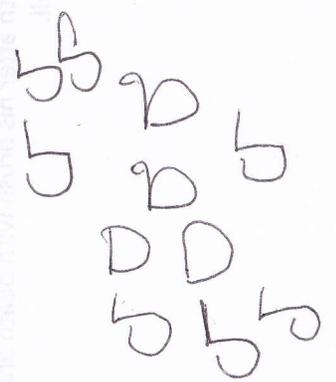
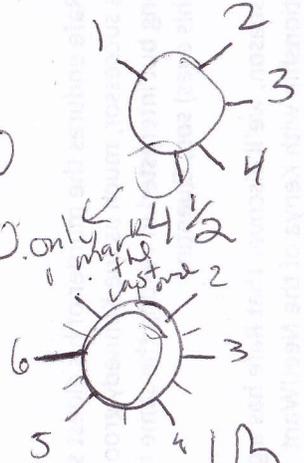
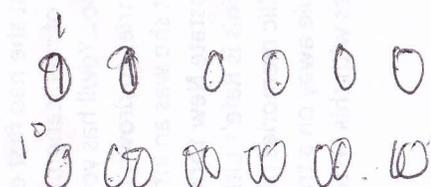
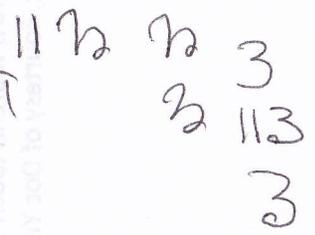
0=0 x=0 z=0 b=0 s'=E m=0  
z=3 p'=0 b=0 d=x g=3 mb=0

nd=4 ng=2 y=0

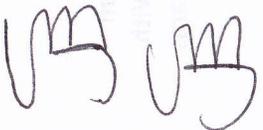
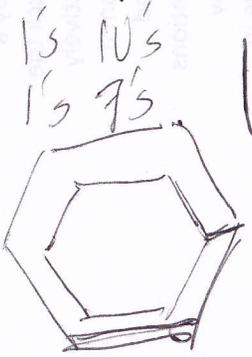
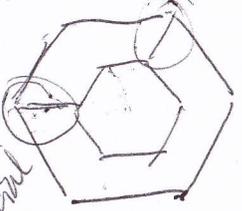
Handwritten scribbles and symbols at the bottom of the page.



$$\sqrt{\frac{C}{r}} = \pi$$



① by iter  
 ② with  
 ③ with  
 ④ with  
 ⑤ with  
 ⑥ with  
 ⑦ with  
 ⑧ with  
 ⑨ with  
 ⑩ with





◇ colour → type, kind

↳ faa-planet = planet

↳ faa-color = species gyend-o (kind-u)

yaumb

faa-yaumb(u)

non-pən

↳ pombun-e = all

domeste

fiu

☆ ~~gud~~ dawu → past

past-u = old = old

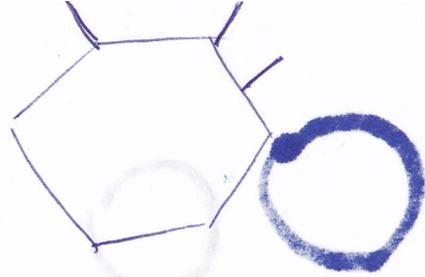
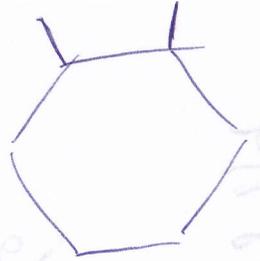
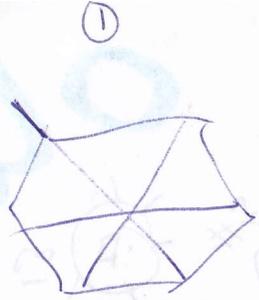
Vaahin-o

↳ vain-o

wo-lena = return

wolenalol

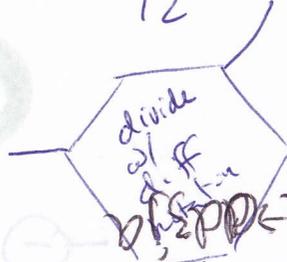




2/6



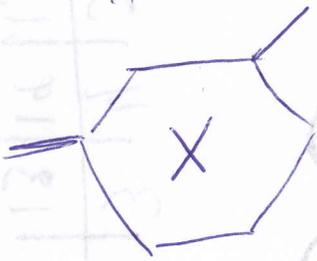
6/2



adi! → ad3!! → ad3!  
 ad3!! → ad3!  
 ad3!! → ad3!

∞  
 ∞  
 ∞

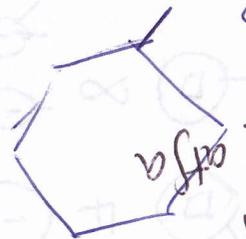
times



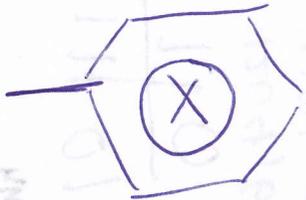
Anha, zhey

e?

π?



at3!! → at3!! → at3!  
 at3!! → at3!  
 at3!! → at3!



Anha, zhey Anha, zhey

nisho jin vekhikhi

nisho jin vekhikhi. Hash yer trakhi mae, hash anha afichak hrazef yeri ma vavvirsak okre yeri nakhaan. Ne num nesh



sky



ka

zi

ki

?

